

3 (Sem-4) HIS M 1

2016

HISTORY

(Major)

Paper : 4.1

(India under the Mughals)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer **all** questions

1. Answer the following questions in 1 word or 1 sentence each : 1×10=10
- (a) Which battle led to the establishment of Mughal empire in India?
 - (b) In which language was *Tuzuk-i-Baburi* written?
 - (c) Who defeated whom in the Battle of Chausa?
 - (d) Who introduced Nisar?

- (e) Who was the officer-in-charge to supervise the Mansabdars?
- (f) What were the Sarkars of Mughal empire divided into?
- (g) In which year did Akbar abolish Zizia?
- (h) With what were the terms *Polaj* and *Parauti* associated?
- (i) Which Maratha ruler proclaimed the *Saranjami* system?
- (j) Who abolished *Tuladan* and *Jharokadarshan*?

2. Answer the following in brief : 2×5=10

- (a) Name the two Englishmen who visited the court of Jahangir.
- (b) What is the difference between *Diwan-i-Am* and *Diwan-i-Khas*?
- (c) Who constructed the *Buland Darwaza* and why?
- (d) Name any two ports of India through which the Mughals conducted their external trade.
- (e) What are *Chauth* and *Sardeshmukhi*?

3. Write short notes on any *four* of the following : 5×4=20

(a) First battle of Panipat

(b) Abul Fazl

(c) Shah Jahan's Deccan policy

(d) Jahangir

(e) *Din-i-Ilahi*

(f) Balaji Baji Rao

4. Answer any *four* of the following : 10×4=40

(a) "Akbar built the Mughal empire by enlisting the support of the Rajputs." Elucidate.

(b) Give an account of the growth of trade and commerce under the Mughals.

(c) Bring out the main features of the Mansabdari system with special reference to the reign of Akbar.

(d) Trace the growth of Maratha power under Shivaji.

(e) Give an account of the position of women in India during the Mughal period.

- (f) Assess the methods of land revenue assessment adopted by the Mughals.
- (g) Analyze the religious policy of Aurangzeb. Did it affect the stability of the Mughal empire?
- (h) Discuss the causes responsible for the decline of the Mughal empire in India.

★ ★ ★